## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

## DISTRICT OF NEVADA

Shimon Moalem,

Plaintiff

v.

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FedEX Ground Package System, Inc.

Defendant

Case No.: 2:18-cv-01223-JAD-NJK

Order granting defendant's motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim and granting plaintiff leave to amend his complaint

[ECF No. 14]

Shimon Moalem sues FedEX Ground Package System, claiming that it failed to timely deliver goods and equipment that he shipped to himself in New York for use in a trade show and 10 that he consequentely incurred losses in excess of \$86,000.1 Acting pro se, Moalem asserts state-11 law claims for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, 12 and loss of business opportunities. FedEX moves to dismiss these claims, arguing that they are 13 preempted by the Carmack Amendment, 49 U.S.C. § 14706, to the Interstate Commerce Act.<sup>3</sup> 14 Because Moalem's contract claim stems from the parties' shipping agreement, and "[i]t is well 15 settled that the Carmack Amendment is the exclusive cause of action for interstate-shipping 16 contract claims alleging . . . delay, loss, failure to deliver[,] or damage to property," I dismiss 17 this claim as preempted. I similarly dismiss his implied-convenant and lost-business-18 opportunities claims because the amendment also "constitutes a complete defense to common

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ECF No. 10 at 2–3 (first amended complaint).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  *Id.* at 4–7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ECF No. 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See ECF No. 10 at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hall v. N. Am. Van Lines, Inc, 476 F.3d 683, 688 (9th Cir. 2007).

1 law claims alleging all manner of harms." And although Moalem argues that his state-law 2 claims somehow fulfill the Carmack Amendment's "intended purpose," it is clear that the 3 damages he alleges that FedEX caused him can be addressed only through a claim brought under 4 the amendment. I therefore dismiss Moalem's first amended complaint but grant him leave to 5 amend so that he may, if he chooses, pursue a Carmack Amendment claim against FedEX. 6 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that FedEX's motion to dismiss [ECF No. 14] is **GRANTED.** Moalem's claims are **dismissed**, and he may file an amended complaint within 9 20 days of this order. Failure to timely file an amended complaint will result in closure of this 10 case. 11 Dated: January 28, 2019 12 rict Judge Jennifer A. Dorsey 13 14 15

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id.* at 689 (upholding dismissal of state-law fraud and conversion claims).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> ECF No. 16 at 8 (response to motion to dismiss).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Hall, 476 F.3d at 688–89; see also, e.g., Hunter v. United Van Lines, 746 F.2d 635 (9th Cir. 1984) (addressing a claim brought under the Carmack Amendment).

Because I hold that all of Moalem's state-law claims are preempted, I do not reach FedEX's alternative argument that he failed to allege an element of his lost-business-opportunity claim.